The International Poverty Reduction Center in China (IPRCC) was established in May 2005 as an outcome of the Shanghai Global Conference on Scaling Up Poverty Reduction in 2004. IPRCC was jointly initiated and established by the Chinese government, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the World Bank. It is designed as an international platform for research, training, exchange, collaboration and knowledge sharing in poverty reduction. IPRCC is committed to the internationalization of China’s poverty reduction experience, as well as the localization of global experience, so as to forge an integrated platform for poverty reduction and development.

IPRCC's Mission

China will give full play to international poverty alleviation communication platforms such as IPRCC — providing Chinese solutions and sharing Chinese wisdom so as to effectively promote the exchange of poverty reduction experiences among developing countries.

—— Chinese President Xi Jinping stressed at the 2015 Global Poverty Reduction and Development Forum on October 16, 2015

The International Poverty Reduction Center in China, an organization devoted to poverty eradication, was formally launched in Beijing.

—— Then Chinese President Hu Jintao addressed the Summit on the 60th Anniversary of the UN in September 2005

IPRCC's Major Mandates

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 1</th>
<th>Creating an International Platform for Poverty Reduction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International Seminar on Global Poverty Reduction Partnership</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International Forum on Sharing Poverty Reduction Experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Online Sub-forum: Dialogue on China’s Poverty Reduction Experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ASEAN-China Forum on Social Development and Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High-level Policy Dialogue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>China-World Bank Seminar on Poverty Reduction Cooperation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International Online Seminar of the “Research on International Poverty Reduction and Development Trends”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International Seminar on China’s Poverty Alleviation - Local Practices and International Sharing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2020 GDLN Asia-Pacific Regional Annual Meeting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 2</th>
<th>Carrying out Research on Poverty Reduction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Further Studies on Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Developing and Sharing Knowledge Products of International Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Part 3
### Building an International Poverty Reduction Training Brand
- Developing Video Training Courses
- Strengthening the Follow-up Contact with Participants
- Compiling the Training Outcomes in 2019
- Carrying out Educational Poverty Reduction Cooperation Projects with BN Vocational School

## Part 4
### Facilitating International Poverty Reduction Cooperation
- The East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project
- Lancang-Mekong Cooperation
- The World Bank Poverty VI Project
- China-UNDP Poverty Reduction Cooperation Project
- IFAD Projects
- Cooperation with UNICEF
- Country Study on Poverty Reduction Cooperation

## Part 5
### Publications

## Part 6
### Major Events in 2020
Part 1

Creating an International Platform for Poverty Reduction

We actively communicate with other bilateral and multilateral poverty reduction institutions and jointly create an international platform for poverty reduction exchanges and seminars to promote the sharing of global poverty reduction experience. This is mostly done by holding global and regional dialogue forums.
The International Seminar on Global Poverty Reduction Partnerships has been held four times since 2017. The seminar held annually aims to promote cooperative partnership for poverty reduction, create an opportunity to exchange poverty reduction experience, strengthen knowledge sharing, establish effective exchange systems and promote the realization of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. It is an institutionalized meeting for China and the three UN agencies for food and agriculture to exchange practices of poverty reduction and promote global knowledge sharing. Participants include representatives from different countries, UN agencies, NGOs, academia and diplomatic missions.

On November 24, “2020 International Seminar on Global Poverty Reduction Partnerships”, co-hosted by IPRCC, China International Publishing Group (CIPG), the government of Gansu Province, CIIC, FAO, IFAD and WFP, was held in Longnan, Gansu Province. The theme of the conference was “Global Poverty Reduction Innovation and Cooperation Amidst Pandemic”. High-level representatives of United Nations agencies and officials from developing countries of Latin America, Africa and other developing countries attended the conference online. Nearly 100 representatives from 12 countries and 4 international organizations, including governments, embassies in China, academia, news media and businesses, attended the conference. Focusing on the theme, representatives discussed hot issues of narrowing the digital gap on a global scale, making the poor benefit from digital innovation, and promoting cooperation of fighting against COVID-19 pandemic and poverty reduction knowledge sharing.
The conference adopted the Longnan Consensus, and released the multilingual book "Keywords to Understand China: Targeted Poverty Reduction" and English version of the book "The Way Forward 2020: Stories of Poverty Reduction in China". Chinese representatives presented books to representatives of international organizations and diplomatic envoys in China. In addition, IPRCC, CIIC, WB, ADB, FAO, IFAD and WFP jointly released the winners of Global Solicitation on Best Poverty Reduction Practices (Second Call). On the evening of November 23rd, a special supporting activity of agricultural products livestreaming with the theme of "New Consumption-Driven Poverty Reduction, Upgrading of the Subsidies" was held.

Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the seminar and the award ceremony of the winners of Global Solicitation on Best Poverty Reduction Practices (Second Call), and hosted the second sub-topic discussion of the seminar.
International Forum on Sharing Poverty Reduction Experience

Online Sub-forum: Dialogue on China's Poverty Reduction Experience

On December 15, 2020, an online seminar, “Dialogue on China’s Poverty Reduction Experience” hosted by LGOP and organized by IPRCC was held. This seminar was one of the sub-forums of the International Forum on Sharing Poverty Reduction Experience, aiming to strengthen the exchange and sharing of poverty reduction experience with ASEAN countries, African countries and relevant international organizations, and providing Chinese solutions and sharing Chinese wisdom on eliminating global absolute poverty. More than 40 guests from China, ASEAN and African countries, international organizations and international non-governmental organizations, embassies in China and think tanks attended the meeting, and exchanged and shared the experience of the “Targeted Poverty Reduction and Absolute Poverty Elimination”.

Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, and Liao Wenhui, second-level inspector of the International Liaison Bureau of Publicity Department of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, attended the opening ceremony. Vladimir Norov, Secretary-General of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization, Marie Roland Alain Wong Yen Cheong, Ambassador of Mauritius to China, Rahamtalla M.Osman, Permanent Representative of the African Union, and Mbelwa Kairuki, Ambassador of Tanzania to China, made online speeches at the opening ceremony.

The seminar was divided into two sections. The first section focused on the policies and practices of China, ASEAN countries and international institutions to eliminate absolute poverty. The second section focused on the poverty reduction policies and practices of China, African countries and international institutions.

Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, hosted the second section of the symposium and made a concluding speech. Li Xin, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, hosted the opening ceremony.
The video collection of some participants

60+ Countries

20+ International organizations

200+ Representatives
The ASEAN-China Forum on Social Development and Poverty Reduction has been held for 14 consecutive years since 2007. In 2020, we held the conference via online meeting due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Hosted by the State Council Leading Group Office of Poverty Alleviation and Development (LGOP), the forum is an institutionalized event on poverty reduction initiated by China and ASEAN countries. It aims to provide a platform for policy makers, researchers and development practitioners from China and ASEAN countries to exchange policies and experience on social development and poverty reduction and to promote regional cooperation.

The idea of the forum was proposed by LGOP at the 2nd ASEAN and China, Japan and Korea (10+3) Leader’s Seminar on Regional Poverty Reduction in 2006 and received positive responses from ASEAN countries. The forum is also an important part of the Plan of Action to Implement the Joint Declaration on China-ASEAN Strategic Partnership for Peace and Prosperity (2011-2015, 2016-2020, 2021-2025). Over the years, it has received support from ministries and commissions such as the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Finance, as well as international institutions such as the ASEAN Secretariat, the Asian Development Bank and the United Nations Development Programme.

On July 29th, 2020, the “2020 Extraordinary ASEAN-China Social Development and Poverty Reduction Forum”, co-hosted by LGOP and the ASEAN Secretariat, organized by IPRCC and supported by the Chinese Mission to ASEAN and the UNDP, was held online. More than 80 people attended this online conference, including representatives at the level of ministry and departments from China and eight ASEAN member states (Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand), and representatives from international organizations, non-governmental organizations and media.
The special video conference focused on the theme of "Joining Hands & Fighting against COVID-19, Promoting Poverty Alleviation", aiming at strengthening poverty reduction exchanges and cooperation between China and ASEAN member state, sharing the practices and experiences of dealing with the COVID-19 pandemic in the area of poverty reduction in a timely manner, and further reaching an international consensus. Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, Kung Phoak, Deputy Secretary-General of ASEAN, and Deng Xijun, the Ambassador of China to ASEAN, attended the opening ceremony and delivered speeches.

At the meeting, representatives from ASEAN countries made speeches on their efforts to fight against COVID-19 pandemic and promote poverty reduction. Participants from various countries introduced the problems of poverty-returning and unemployment caused by the pandemic, shared measures to tackle those problems, and discussed how to strengthen regional cooperation and China-ASEAN cooperation, respond to the impact of COVID-19 and promote the realization of the ASEAN development goals.

Representatives of international agencies attended the meeting and made speeches on the theme of “Fighting Against the COVID-19 And Promoting Poverty Reduction”. They discussed the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on food security, child poverty and sustainable development, the regional and global efforts of international agencies, and the realization of the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the opening ceremony. Sita Sumrit, Assistant Director of Poverty Eradication and Gender Division of ASEAN Secretariat, and Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the meeting. Chivoan Sao, State Secretary of the Ministry of Rural Development of Cambodia, and Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, made concluding remarks at the closing ceremony.
On May 27, 2020, the third High-level Policy Dialogue between LGOP and representatives of international institutions was held in the form of video conference. Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, attended the meeting and delivered a speech. Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, hosted the opening ceremony.

More than 20 representatives attended the video conference and made speeches about fighting against COVID-19 pandemic and its impacts on the poverty reduction. The representatives included Nicholas Rosellini, UN Resident Coordinator in China, representatives from the United Nations Development Programme, UN Women, the United Nations Population Fund, the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, the United Nations World Food Programme, Centre for Sustainable Agriculture Mechanization, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the International Labour Organization, the World Health Organization, the United Nations International Children’s Emergency Fund and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the director of the World Bank and the Asian Development Bank in China, and the chief representatives of international non-governmental organizations such as the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, Mercy Corps International and Hong Kong Heifer.
Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, Dina Umali-Deininger, director of the World Bank’s Food & Agriculture Global Practice in Asia-Pacific region, and Wu Wei, deputy director of Department of Household Surveys, National Bureau of Statistics of China, attended the meeting and delivered speeches.

Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, Dina Umali-Deininger, director of the World Bank’s Food & Agriculture Global Practice in Asia-Pacific region, and Wu Wei, deputy director of Department of Household Surveys, National Bureau of Statistics of China, attended the meeting and delivered speeches.
Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, Laisy Komba Chengula, director of Agriculture Group of World Bank Representative Office in China, Ren Yanshun, director of Gansu Poverty Reduction Office, and Wu Guobao, the researcher of Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, made speeches respectively. Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, and Laisy Komba Chengula, director of Agriculture Group of World Bank Representative Office in China, co-hosted the conference.

At the conference, we reviewed and summarized the cooperation, achievements and practices between the World Bank and China in the field of poverty reduction, and appreciated China’s achievements in poverty reduction and World Bank’s contribution to China’s poverty reduction.

Representatives agreed that the cooperation between the two sides played an important role in China’s poverty reduction, the improvement of public services, capacity building of the institutions and personnel. And our cooperation promoted the innovation of the mechanisms and modes of poverty reduction, and expanded the international poverty reduction exchanges and cooperation. Representatives attending this conference also discussed and gave suggestions on the cooperation between China and the World Bank after 2020.
International Online Seminar of the “Research on International Poverty Reduction and Development Trends”

On June 5, 2020, the International Online Seminar of the “Research on International Poverty Reduction and Development Trends”, co-hosted by IPRCC, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Representative Office in Beijing and Amsterdam Institute for Global Health and Development (AIGHD), was held. This was also one of the projects carried out under the framework of the MoU between LGOP and Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, attended the meeting and delivered a speech. Liu Junwen, IPRCC Director-General, and Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, attended the meeting. Li Yinuo, director of Beijing Representative Office of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, delivered a speech. Professor Peter Lanjouw of AIGHD hosted the opening ceremony. More than 100 experts and scholars from domestic and foreign research institutes and international organizations, such as the World Bank, Georgetown University, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences, Beijing Normal University and Southwestern University of Finance and Economics, attended the meeting.
On September 29, 2020, IPRCC, Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Beijing Representative Office and AIGHD co-hosted the International Seminar on China’s Poverty Alleviation - Local Practices and International Sharing (video conference). Su Guoxia, then Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department and spokesperson, attended the conference and delivered a speech. Wang Hong, head of the policy advocacy team of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, delivered a speech. Liu Junwen, IPRCC Director-General, made a concluding speech. Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, presided over the relevant agenda of the seminar. Professor Chen Shaohua of Xiamen University hosted the opening ceremony. More than 100 experts and scholars from the World Bank, Duke University, Beijing Normal University and other domestic and foreign research institutes and international organizations attended the seminar.

Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, hosted the second section of the seminar. Professor Zhang Qi of Beijing Normal University, Professor Zuo Ting of China Agricultural University, Professor Gan Li of Southwestern University of Finance and Economics and Professor Tian Yu of Sun Yat-sen University made speeches on the themes of “Poverty Occurrence Mechanism after 2020”, “Promotion of the Rural Revitalization Strategy and Poverty Reduction”, “Incentive Compatible Anti-Poverty Field Experiment” and “Entrepreneurship and Poverty Reduction in Poverty-stricken Areas” respectively. They also discussed with scholars and experts attending the seminar.

Gao Yixing, Senior Project Officer of Beijing Representative Office of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, presided over the third section of the seminar. Professor Stephen Jenkins of the London School of Economics and Political Science and Professor Peter F. Lanjouw of AIGHD made speeches with the themes of “European Poverty Reduction and Social Inclusive Development Model” and “New Trends of International Poverty Reduction and Their Enlightenment to China” respectively, and interacted with the scholars in attendance.

Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, made a concluding speech. He appreciated the achievements of the seminar in exchanging international poverty reduction experience, sharing China’s poverty reduction experience and practices, and planning for future poverty reduction strategies and policies. He also said that we would strengthen international poverty reduction research cooperation, continue to carry out international comparative researches, and build a regular mechanism and platform for poverty reduction exchanges.
This meeting reviewed and summarized GDLN Asia-Pacific’s work in 2019. Participants from different countries presented typical cases, experience and practices of knowledge sharing, discussed models and means of knowledge sharing and gave constructive comments on GDLN’s way forward. In 2020, we also discussed issues related to COVID-19 pandemic and the celebration of the 20th anniversary of GDLN.
Since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, in the great practice of targeted poverty reduction, many precious experiences have been created and a large number of advanced models has emerged. In order to tell the story of poverty reduction and promote the exchange and sharing of experiences at home and abroad, LGOP proposed to build the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases, which was guided by Department of General Affairs of LGOP and implemented by IPRCC.

Through application, on-spot investigation and merit-based selection, LGOP issued a document in January 2021, designating 50 counties and cities such as Fuping County in Hebei Province as the first batch of national poverty alleviation exchange bases, and 91 field sites such as Luotuowan Village in Fuping County as national poverty alleviation field sites (hereinafter referred to as "bases" and "field sites" respectively).

On September 10 to 11, 2020, in order to speed up the base construction, LGOP organized an on-site promotion meeting in Fuping County, Hebei Province.

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China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases

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The first batch of national poverty alleviation exchange bases covered the eastern, central and western regions in administrative divisions:

- **1** eastern region: Fujian Province
- **6** central regions: Hebei Province, Shanxi Province, Jiangxi Province, Henan Province, Hubei Province, Hunan Province
- **8** western regions: Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region, Chongqing, Sichuan Province, Guizhou Province, Yunnan Province, Shaanxi Province, Gansu Province, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region

Old revolutionary base areas, ethnic minority areas, severely impoverished areas, border areas and developed areas were covered. Among the routes, three were in the north and four were in the south, with the climatic factors taken into consideration.
The first batch of 91 field sites focused on President Xi Jinping’s important proposal on poverty reduction, reflecting the great achievements of poverty reduction and Chinese wisdom and solutions. The field sites were advanced and typical, and achieved remarkable results in the targeted poverty reduction with outstanding features and highlights, reflecting the innovative practice of poverty reduction at the grass-roots level. At the same time, the field sites were sustainable and resilient with good reception capacity.

Main contents of bases and field sites

- Poverty reduction by developing industries and businesses
- Poverty-reduction relocation
- Poverty reduction by improving education
- Poverty reduction by developing eco-economy
- Guaranteed basic livelihood
- Poverty reduction through photovoltaic technology
- Poverty reduction through science and technology
- Poverty reduction through finance
- Poverty reduction through tourism
- Poverty reduction through e-commerce
- Poverty reduction through culture
- Stationing officials in villages to work on poverty alleviation
- Leaders of income increase undertakings
- Grass-roots governance
- Poverty reduction with the help of democratic parties
- National solidarity and mutual assistance
- Comprehensive exhibition hall

IPRCC, together with colleagues from 15 provinces, the autonomous regions and municipalities where the bases were located, compiled the first and second volumes of *The Introduction to China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases*. The book contained the basic information, main practices and work enlightenment of 91 national poverty alleviation field sites, which can be used as reference to promote the exchange and learning of the experience, further consolidate and expand the achievements of poverty reduction, and continuously promote the development of poverty-stricken areas and the comprehensive revitalization of rural areas.
Part 2

Carrying Out Research on Poverty Reduction

IPRCC has increased the number and variety of its knowledge products to meet international demands for information about China’s efforts in poverty reduction and development. IPRCC has a mission of introducing China’s poverty reduction experience to the world and learning about advanced international practices. It has created an internet portal for poverty reduction and development studies to these ends. The portal has greatly promoted the dissemination of its high-quality knowledge products. IPRCC has carried out in-depth research cooperation with the UNDP, Oxford Poverty and Human Development Initiative (OPHI) and Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.
IPRCC has developed high-quality poverty reduction intellectual products and achieved great results. Focusing on the new progress and trend of poverty reduction at home and abroad, IPRCC has carried out international poverty reduction research in a certain field or region, so as to provide research reference for policy makers and government workers at home and abroad.

In 2020, IPRCC focused on the hot issues of poverty reduction at home and abroad, such as the targeted poverty reduction experience, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the consolidation and expansion of poverty reduction achievements and rural revitalization after 2020. It also focused on international experience of national poverty standards, poverty reduction strategies and policies, and rural revitalization. In 2020, IPRCC has released 63 research reports and published 19 in newspapers and periodicals, such as People's Daily, China Daily, Qiushi Magazine, CPPCC Daily, and China Today to show China’s achievements in poverty reduction. At the same time, many Chinese and English publications, such as International Poverty Reduction Briefing, Working Paper, Brief on International Poverty Reduction Studies and Poverty Reduction Briefing were compiled and published. By the end of 2020, a total of 179 issues of International Poverty Reduction Briefing, 105 issues of Research Report, 94 issues of Working Paper, 49 issues of Brief on International Poverty Reduction Studies and 381 issues of Poverty Reduction Briefing have been compiled and published.

## Further Studies on Poverty Reduction

1. Experience of Poverty Reduction Legislation in Relevant Countries
2. The Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Global Poverty Reduction
4. International Cases of the Impact of Major Disasters and Epidemics on Poverty
5. International Cases of Financial Investment in Poverty Reduction
6. Changes in the Concept and Practice of International Poverty Reduction
7. Nobel Prize Related to Poverty Reduction
8. The Main Differences Between the UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Millennium Development Goals
9. World Bank Poverty Standard and Its Enlightenment
11. Excerpts From the Main Viewpoints of the Essence of Poverty
12. Britain’s Relative Poverty Standard and Its Enlightenment
14. Poverty Reduction Standards and the Scale of the Targets in Major Countries
15. Key National Poverty Reduction Strategy Objectives
16. Poverty Reduction Inputs and Main Measures in Major Countries
17. Establishment and Functions of Major National Poverty Reduction Institutions
### Articles published on newspapers and magazines (2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Published on</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td><em>Awa People Sing New Songs Again--Investigation on Poverty Reduction in Simola Wa Village, Zhongzhai, Sanjia village, Tengchong, Yunnan Province</em></td>
<td>People’s Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td><em>Investigation on Poverty Reduction in Changputang Village, Fenghuang, Hunan Province</em></td>
<td>People’s Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><em>China’s Targeted Poverty Reduction-Fruitful Results and Far-reaching Significance (book)</em></td>
<td>People’s Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td><em>China’s Targeted Poverty Reduction-Fruitful Results and Far-reaching Significance (newspaper)</em></td>
<td>People’s Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td><em>China’s Targeted Poverty Alleviation Experience</em></td>
<td>CPPCC Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td><em>China’s Poverty Reduction Achievements Promote the Global Poverty Reduction Process</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td><em>Innovative Measures of Targeted Poverty</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td><em>Integrated Development of Ecological Construction and Poverty Reduction</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td><em>China’s Experience on Poverty Reduction by Improving Health</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td><em>East-West Poverty Reduction Cooperation Promotes The Development of Poverty Reduction</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td><em>Improve Skills and Promote stable poverty Reduction</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td><em>Government leadership, the Key to the Success of Poverty Reduction in China</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td><em>Overcome the impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic and Win the Fight Against Poverty as Scheduled</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td><em>Solve the Problem of Poverty Reduction in the last period</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td><em>Long-term Mechanism to Improve the Quality of Poverty Reduction</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td><em>Why Can China Solve the Hardest Problem Successfully?</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td><em>UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and China’s Poverty Reduction Experience</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td><em>Construct a Long-term Mechanism to Prevent Returning to Poverty</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td><em>Multi-Measures to Ensure the Development of Left-behind Children in Rural Areas</em></td>
<td>China Today</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1 Definition, Specific indicators and Corresponding Poverty Population size of Poverty Reduction Standards by the World Bank

2 Poverty Reduction Standard Setting and the Target Scale in Major Countries

3 Major National Poverty Reduction Strategy Objectives

4 Poverty Reduction Inputs and Main Measures in Major Countries

5 Establishment and Functions of Poverty Reduction Institutions in Major Countries

Sending personnel to participate in the poverty reduction survey conducted by the Research Office of the CPC Central Office

The special research team went to Simola Wa Village, Zhongzhai, Sanjia Village, Siqingshui Township, Tengchong City, Yunnan Province, and Changputang Village, Liao Jia Bridge Town, Fenghuang County, Hunan Province, and wrote two research reports, Awa People Sing New Songs Again—Investigation on Poverty Reduction in Simola Wa Village, Zhongzhai, Sanjia Village, Tengchong, Yunnan Province and Investigation on Poverty Reduction in Changputang Village, Fenghuang, Hunan Province, which were published on the authoritative media such as People’s Daily and Xinhua News Agency.
Carrying out research on hot issues of international poverty reduction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Research Subject (2020)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Study on the Impact of the Belt and Road Initiative to Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Theoretical Interpretation of China’s Targeted Poverty Reduction Experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>A Case Study on International Sharing of China’s Targeted Poverty Reduction Experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Case Studies on Poverty Reduction in Different Countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Research on the International Experience of Establishing a Long-term Mechanism to Solve Relative Poverty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Research on Urban Poverty and Anti-poverty</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Actively promoting the research on projects of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

Focusing on China’s experience of poverty reduction and international sharing, the projects of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation have carried out ten commissioned research and have compiled five research reports.

Five research reports of the projects of Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation

1. The Impact of Spatial Price Changes on Poverty Reduction Policies
2. Does the Reduction of Poverty Mean the Reduction of Vulnerability?
3. Poverty Reduction Experience of High-income Countries
4. International Experience and Enlightenment of Setting Relative Poverty Standard
5. Experience and Enlightenment of Poverty Reduction in the United States, Japan and South Korea
Giving full play to the role of international network platforms and carrying out international cooperative research

In order to share China’s stories about poverty reduction with the international community, we have actively expanded international cooperative research on poverty reduction, and carried out cooperative research with the University of Oxford, Asian Development Bank and other international institutions to explore the theoretical research and interpretation of China’s poverty reduction experience.

Cooperating with Oxford University to carry out research on experience of targeted poverty reduction and jointly publishing an annual report

Collaborative research was carried out with the Oxford Poverty & Human Development Initiative (OPHI) with the topic of “Targeted Poverty Reduction Experience”. Professor Sabina Alkire, director of the center, led the research, did on-the-spot investigation in poverty-stricken areas in China, studied the main practices and achievements of targeted poverty reduction in China. The Center for Poverty and Human Development of Oxford University and IPRCC jointly wrote the English research report Accurate Poverty Targeting in China.

This report was an annual research report jointly signed and released by IPRCC and the Center for Poverty and Human Development of Oxford University. The OPHI would present the results of the report at its relevant academic conferences.

Cooperating with the Asian Development Bank to draw conclusions and carrying out strategic research on inclusive poverty reduction

In order to summarize and share China’s experience of poverty reduction and the settlement of relative poverty, IPRCC and the Asian Development Bank conducted cooperative research on China’s experience of poverty reduction and strategies of inclusive poverty reduction, and jointly wrote the research report Beyond the Last Mile: Policy Implications for Tackling Emerging Poverty Challenges in the People’s Republic of China.
<table>
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<tr>
<td>Annual Research Report (In collaboration with Oxford University)</td>
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<td>Books</td>
<td>International Poverty Reduction Theory and Frontier Issues 2020;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>China’s Practice and Experience of Poverty Reduction with Asset Income;</td>
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<td>Targeted Poverty Alleviation and Relative Poverty (English Version);</td>
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<td>International Experience and Chinese Practice of Cultivating Endogenous Motivation of Poor People;</td>
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<td>Viewing the Integration of Rural Revitalization and Poverty Reduction from International Experience;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Analysis on Poverty Reduction Effect of Chinese Enterprises’ Investment in Southeast Asia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research report</td>
<td>The Construction of the Belt and Road Initiative Promotes the Development of International Poverty Reduction;</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Experience and Enlightenment of Establishing a Long-term Mechanism to Prevent Returning to Poverty;</td>
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<td>Poverty Reduction Cases—Experiences from Korea, Germany and Argentina;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Experience of Employment Promotion and Social Policy in Poverty Reduction Abroad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>A Case Study of Country-specific Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
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<td>Exploration on the Setting and Development of Relative Poor Areas;</td>
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<td>The Standard of Relative Poverty in Britain and Its Enlightenment;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Suggestions on Poverty Reduction under the Influence of Multiple Disasters;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The International Community Highly Praises China’s Poverty Reduction;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>International Experience and Enlightenment of Rural Revitalization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poverty reduction trends</td>
<td>12 issues of international poverty reduction trends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary of information</td>
<td>24 abstracts of poverty reduction information at home and abroad</td>
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Global Solicitation on Best Poverty Reduction Practices collected original poverty reduction cases of organizations and individuals concerned about poverty reduction around the world and aimed to promote and share successful poverty reduction practices at home and abroad. It was the latest attempt to innovate and deepen the global poverty reduction partnership. IPRCC, together with the World Bank, Asian Development Bank (ADB), Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD), World Food Programme (WFP) and China Internet Information Center (CIIC), launched the second call of the campaign: Global Solicitation on Best Poverty Reduction Practices in October 2019. Affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the deadline for the campaign was postponed to June 30th, 2020. By the deadline, 494 poverty reduction cases had been received, including 457 Chinese cases and 37 international cases. Chinese cases involved poverty reduction in areas such as developing industries and businesses, tourism, finance, and by improving special groups, employment, eco-economy and consumption. International poverty reduction cases come from 28 countries including Kenya, Uganda, Brazil, Japan and India.
The Yearbook of China’s Poverty Alleviation and Development (the Yearbook) is compiled by IPRCC under the guidance of the State Council Leading Group Office of Poverty Alleviation and Development (LGOP). It serves as a comprehensive reference book that fully illustrates China’s poverty alleviation efforts. It reflects the overall situation of China’s poverty alleviation, relevant policies and measures, and effects, and showcases the concrete work and actions of various agencies and social organizations involving in poverty reduction from different industries and regions. It provides global poverty alleviation institutions and departments with information that they can use for decision making and helps relevant organizations and institutions study China’s poverty alleviation and development experience. As an important work on China’s poverty reduction efforts, the Yearbook is comprehensive, systematic, timely and authoritative.

The 2020 Yearbook (Chinese edition) contains 461 articles, 20 statistical charts, 80 photos, and the total number of words reaches 1.39 million (the most in all previous years). The content covering topics such as annual review, basic work, key work, supervision and assessment, industry-based poverty reduction, private-sector-aided poverty reduction, local poverty reduction, international cooperation, thematic research, publicity and commendation, and poverty reduction data etc. In 2020, the English version of The 2019 Yearbook was published.
Developing Knowledge Products of Poverty Reduction

1. Carrying out the international development of thematic knowledge products on poverty reduction

Delegated by the LGOP General Affairs Department, the international development project of poverty reduction thematic products was implemented. Focusing on the reference and enlightenment of targeted poverty reduction and its policies and practices to international poverty reduction, 60 short videos, 3 promotional videos and 1 casebook were developed to provide materials to tell the story of poverty reduction in China and further promote the exchange and sharing of poverty reduction experiences at home and abroad.

2. Making a series of short videos about poverty reduction: the second season of Path to Prosperity (Chinese and English version), with a total of 6 episodes

We selected representative and reproducible cases about poverty reduction from the Global Solicitation on Best Poverty Reduction Practices and the previous successful cases, and introduced the visualized models and practices of those cases.

3. Published the Chinese and English versions of The Way Forward 2020: Stories of Poverty reduction in China

Twenty-five representative cases about poverty reduction were selected, which were edited by international experts from an international perspective. The English version was launched at the 2020 International Seminar on Global Poverty Reduction Partnerships.
Carrying out research on issues related to international exchanges of poverty reduction

China Agricultural University was commissioned to carry out the “Summary and Promotion Project of International Poverty Reduction Exchange Activities” and “Case Study of Rural Revitalization Model”. In 2019, the Institute of Media Research of the Chinese Academy of Social Science was commissioned to conduct the “Exploration and Research on Sharing Ways of Poverty Reduction Knowledge Products”, which was also completed with a high quality in 2020.

Construction of Knowledge Sharing Platform for Poverty Reduction

We continued to carry out the construction of “Global Poverty Reduction & Inclusive Growth Portal” (hereinafter referred to as GPIG) and “Chinese and foreign poverty reduction case database”, in order to constantly enrich stories and cases of poverty reduction, and create a network window for the international community to understand China’s poverty reduction. Through the interconnection with the knowledge sharing platforms of international institutions, knowledge products and information have been shared, and the network platform for publicizing China’s experience of poverty reduction has been built. The network platform has been stably constructed and operated. English posts about activities related to poverty reduction and related research have been published on the GPIG’s LinkedIn account. As a high-end social platform mainly for industry elites, the LinkedIn platform is of great significance to eliminate various prejudice and help international professionals in poverty reduction and development to understand China’s situation better. At present, the GPIG account has more than 1,000 followers.

Global Poverty Reduction & Inclusive Growth Portal

Global Poverty Reduction and Inclusive Growth Portal (GPIG) was initiated in May 2016 and funded by the World Bank with the support of ADB. The English website was jointly operated by IPRCC and the China Internet Information Center (CIIC) to promote knowledge sharing on global poverty reduction. The portal serves as an international platform for sharing poverty reduction knowledge to introduce China’s achievements in poverty alleviation and practices to the rest of the world and learn from international experience of poverty reduction as a reference for China’s future poverty alleviation and development.
Jointly organizing tourism poverty reduction case collection activities with the World Tourism Alliance

IPRCC, the World Tourism Alliance (WTA) and the World Bank (WB) jointly collected and screened tourism poverty reduction cases, and selected excellent cases according to the criteria of poverty reduction effect, innovation, replication, social impact and sustainability, thus providing examples and wisdom to international poverty reduction through tourism. On the 10th of October, the three institutions jointly held a press conference on “100 Cases of Poverty Reduction of the World Tourism Alliance” in Beijing. On the 13th of November, IPRCC assisted the World Tourism Alliance to hold the “Xianghu Dialogue” in Hangzhou, and jointly released the WTA Best Practice in Poverty Alleviation through Tourism 2020.

Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the press conference on “100 Cases of Poverty Reduction of the World Tourism Alliance”

IPRCC was invited to participate in the third “World Tourism Alliance Xianghu Dialogue” held in Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, and jointly released the WTA Best Practice in Poverty Alleviation through Tourism 2020 with the World Tourism Alliance and the World Bank.
Co-hosting the innovative communication competition of "Tell China’s Stories" Contest and the thematic competition of “Fighting Against Poverty Reduction”

The innovative communication competition of "Tell China’s Stories" Contest is an annual official brand activity guided by State Council Information Office and hosted by the CIPG, which is open to the public at home and abroad to demonstrate Chinese stories in various fields, spread China’s experience and establish China’s positive international image. The theme of the 2020 competition is “Common Destiny With Mutual Assistance”. In order to further expand social attention and public participation, the thematic competition of "Fighting Against Poverty Reduction" was held at the same time, which was guided by the CIPG and jointly hosted by the Academy of Contemporary China and World Studies, CIIC, and IPRCC. The competition collected videos reflecting achievements and stories of the poverty reduction from all sectors of society. The winning videos were displayed in official website of the competition, and various platforms of China Net and official website of IPRCC. Some winning videos were displayed in an all manners through major news websites of the central government, major commercial websites and video websites, and domestic and foreign platforms, as well as subways, high-speed railway and overseas social media.

Zhang Guangping, then Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the online award ceremony of the 2019 "Tell China’s Stories” Contest and the online launching ceremony of the 2020 "Tell China’s Stories” Contest hosted by CIPG.

Official website of IPRCC was upgraded and WeChat official account was opened

In 2020, the website of IPRCC was renewed and put into operation. At the same time, the WeChat official account was opened, ensuring that the contents were updated on a daily basis. By the end of 2020, 239 related articles in both Chinese and English had been posted.
Building an International Poverty Reduction Training Brand

International poverty reduction training project underscores the characteristics and highlights of China’s poverty reduction and development, leveraging China’s professional strength of poverty reduction. Themed on rural development and poverty reduction and focused on economic and social development in China’s rural areas, this training project highlights the practice of poverty reduction strategy, centers on “Six Elements” and implements “Five Measures” for poverty reduction, elucidating strategic policies and embodying effective experience. In line with the Belt and Road Initiative, we discuss the innovative opportunities brought by poverty reduction both at home and abroad against the new backdrop, contributing to building the community of shared future for mankind. By the end of 2020, a total of 159 seminars on international poverty reduction have been held under the support and coordination of relevant Chinese ministries and commissions such as LGOP, MOFCOM, Ministry of Finance and Ministry of Foreign Affairs, as well as other partners including the World Bank, UNDP and the South African government. Participants include 4,233 government officials and poverty alleviation practitioners from 136 countries and territories. The seminars have shared successful Chinese experience in poverty reduction and development. China’s poverty reduction wisdom and cases have greatly helped developing countries increase their capability to reduce poverty and tap their own potential.
In 2020, the pandemic of COVID-19 hindered the implementation of poverty reduction training projects in China. To respond to the impacts of the pandemic, enrich the training methods of poverty reduction and better present the experience and achievements of China’s poverty reduction and development, 10 video training courses of international poverty reduction that center on targeted poverty reduction and its strategic policies are selected from the most favorable training topics. To match the application of the training courses, 10 micro-video cases of international poverty reduction training are developed, which are closely connected with the course topics. They directly show the training content and use vivid and specific cases to enhance training effects, enabling the participants to understand the successful practice of China’s poverty reduction, the highlights and actions of poverty reduction cases in the shortest time.

### Video Training Courses

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<tr>
<td>Course 1</td>
<td>China’s Poverty Reduction Policies and Practice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 2</td>
<td>Basic Practice and Experience of China’s Targeted Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 3</td>
<td>China’s Rural Revitalization and Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 4</td>
<td>China’s Rural Social Security System and Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 5</td>
<td>China’s Rural Healthcare Services and Poverty Reduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 6</td>
<td>The Building of Rural Market System and Urban-Rural Coordinated Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 7</td>
<td>Policies and Practice of Poverty Reduction Through Industries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 8</td>
<td>Policies and Practice of China’s Agricultural Science and Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course 9</td>
<td>Protection of Ecological Environment and Poverty Reduction</td>
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<td>Course 10</td>
<td>Policies and Practice of China’s Rural Education</td>
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In 2020, we have strengthened the follow-up contact with international participants. Against the backdrop of COVID-19 pandemic, we have extended our regards to participants of the training project in the recent three years by E-mails and introduced policies and measures that the Chinese government takes to combat the pandemic. We have received high appraisals from the participants and that training in China enables them to witness great achievements of poverty reduction and leave many warm moments and good memories.

The participants highly commended the Chinese government for taking decisive and effective actions, successfully containing the pandemic and actively promoting international cooperation on the combat of the pandemic.

“The participants firmly believe that China can achieve poverty reduction on time.”

The participants exchanged information of the pandemic in their countries and expressed their wills to continue to cooperate with China in the battle against the pandemic and poverty reduction.

“In response to the pandemic, the resilience, generosity, self-discipline and wisdom of Chinese friends are the guidance like light house leading the way for us.”

Questionnaires were conducted to understand the training needs of participants and collaborate with the development of teaching materials, which includes the suggestions on teaching materials’ contents and forms, future expectations, exchanges and cooperation. The research on needs lays a solid foundation to make scientific training courses, enrich training contents, innovate training methods and improve training quality. After September, we have regularly sent the 2020 Poverty Reduction Briefing to all participants who express that this is very beneficial to their works.
03

Compiling the Training Outcomes in 2019


04

Carrying out educational poverty reduction cooperation projects with BN Vocational School

In line with the designated poverty reduction work of LGOP, IPRCC and BN Vocational School have signed the 2020 Cooperation Project on Education Programs for Poverty Reduction to overcome the impacts caused by COVID-19, creatively perform cooperation on vocational education programs for poverty reduction and accomplish works of enrollment, internship arrangement, employment and so on.

- In 2020, we complete the enrollment work of a total of 46 students from three designated counties—Shicheng County of Jiangxi Province, Leishan County of Guizhou Province and Weiyuan County of Gansu Province;
- We track and implement the employment arrangement of 64 graduates of 2017 batch from the three counties;
- We actively supervise and coordinate the internship arrangements of 98 graduates of 2018 batch in BN vocational school, so as to prepare for their employment in 2021.
Facilitating International Poverty Reduction Cooperation

IPRCC actively expands the cooperation with African countries, Asian countries and Latin American countries, and has signed bilateral cooperation agreements with relevant departments of Tanzania, Mauritius, Laos, Mozambique, Colombia and other countries respectively, to explore the applicability of China’s poverty reduction model overseas. The main projects are the East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project, China-Africa Cooperation Project, Asian Regional Cooperation Special Fund Project and Lancang-Mekong Cooperation (LMC) Poverty Reduction Project.
In order to implement the Cooperation Initiative on Poverty Reduction in East Asia proposed by Premier Li Keqiang at the 17th ASEAN +3 Leaders’ Summit, IPRCC participated in the design and implementation of the East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project (hereinafter referred to as the East Asia Poverty Reduction Project). The East Asia Poverty Reduction Project is a practice of applying Xi Jinping’s thought on targeted poverty alleviation in international poverty reduction efforts. The project is the first village-level China Aid project on poverty reduction. It is of great significance to explore new international poverty reduction cooperation systems, showcasing China’s poverty reduction experience to the world, develop global poverty reduction models and promote the global poverty reduction process.

The year of 2020 marks the closing stage of the East Asia Poverty Reduction Project. Influenced by COVID-19, projects in Laos, Cambodia and Myanmar were affected to varying degrees in terms of personnel dispatch, engineering construction, material import and activity organization. IPRCC actively responded to the pandemic, strengthens organization, coordination, communication and guidance, discussed and solved the existing problems, put forward the ideas and measures, and ensured the steady progress of the project under the normalization of pandemic prevention and control.

At the time when the project construction and personnel gathering activities were stagnated by the pandemic, project implementation agencies were guided to arrange project archives, and prepared for the subsequent project acceptance, delivery and audit.

With joint efforts of implementation agencies, an operation guide for poverty-reduction cooperation project was developed based on a systematic whole-process review and the summary of project experience and mode. As an effective, referential and reproducible intellectual product of international poverty reduction cooperation projects, the guide will provide useful reference for authorities of foreign aid and similar projects in the future.

At the same time, successful cases and touching stories will be further summarized and refined, and the collection of project cases will be compiled to improve the demonstration effect and influence of the project.

**Actively Promoting Project Implementation**

◆ **Carrying out project coordination and promote project implementation.**

Organized and held the sixth (April 30) and seventh (July 31) virtual promotion meetings, cooperated with Agency for International Economic Cooperation of MOFCOM (AIECO) to hold the meeting of summary and experience sharing in Chengdu, and hold the eighth (November 4) promotion meeting both online and in-person to coordinate and solve existing problems in time.

◆ **Promoting project implementation agencies to arrange archives.**

At the time when the project construction and personnel gathering activities were stagnated by the pandemic, project implementation agencies were guided to arrange project archives, and prepared for the subsequent project acceptance, delivery and audit.

◆ **Developing knowledge products and disseminating project experience.**

With joint efforts of implementation agencies, an operation guide for poverty-reduction cooperation project was developed based on a systematic whole-process review and the summary of project experience and mode. As an effective, referential and reproducible intellectual product of international poverty reduction cooperation projects, the guide will provide useful reference for authorities of foreign aid and similar projects in the future.

At the same time, successful cases and touching stories will be further summarized and refined, and the collection of project cases will be compiled to improve the demonstration effect and influence of the project.
In the project, we have completed the centralized water supply project to solve the drinking water problem for 800 households and more than 4,000 people in two project villages, built one community activity center, constructed new sanitary toilets for 132 poor households, made lighting power accessible to 82 poor households, rebuilt houses for 71 poor households, renovated houses for 190 poor households and provided 500 households with fuel saving stoves, which greatly improved the basic living conditions of the villagers.

Overcoming the adverse effects of the pandemic and making positive progress and good results of the projects.

Overcoming the impacts of the pandemic to ensure the smooth completion of the project.

Cambodia Project
Cambodia has completed all construction tasks and passed the overall completion acceptance of the Ministry of Commerce.

Infrastructure Construction

In the project, we have completed the centralized water supply project to solve the drinking water problem for 800 households and more than 4,000 people in two project villages, built one community activity center, constructed new sanitary toilets for 132 poor households, made lighting power accessible to 82 poor households, rebuilt houses for 71 poor households, renovated houses for 190 poor households and provided 500 households with fuel saving stoves, which greatly improved the basic living conditions of the villagers.

Livelihood Improvement

Two new detergent plants were built and put into operation. Livelihood projects were implemented, including 200 households with plantation of cash crops in the backyard, 80 households planting millet pepper, 28 households planting high-temperature greenhouse mushroom, and 40 cattle-raising demonstration households.

Capacity Building and Technical Assistance

Experts (total 157 person months) were sent to jointly organize and implement the project with Cambodia. A total of 13 training visits were conducted in Cambodia; 32 people attended the two training sessions held in China. Baseline survey, project monitoring and evaluation were completed. Intellectual products such as the collection of poverty reduction stories, brochures and videos were developed.

Drinking Water Project Completed

Growers were picking millet pepper
Cattle Raising Demonstration Households
Organizing the villagers of the project village to visit and study the agricultural demonstration base in Siem Reap.
Laos Project

All construction tasks have been completed, and application for overall completion acceptance has been submitted.

Infrastructure Construction

In the project, we have built one bridge, 4.16 km asphalt roads, one bridge and culvert leading to the production area, water supply project covering 602 households and public service facilities benefiting more than 3,000 people in the two villages.

Livelihood Improvement

We have carried out 9 livelihood development projects like planting, breeding, weaving and tourism. 240 households were involved, and their livelihood development activities include 140 cattle, 4,800 poultry, 40 hectares of corn, 1,800 square meters of greenhouse vegetables, 47 hectares of vegetables. Among them, 40 households carried out Laos-brocade weaving and 3 households carried out agritainment. The industry that supported livelihood development reached a certain scale and it was estimated that the annual income of per household would be increased more than 5,000 yuan.

Capacity Building and Technical Assistance

Resident personnel (89 person months) were sent to the project. 40 trainings were held in Laos with 1,071 participants. 3 trainings were held in China with 36 participants. The two project villages formed a sister village relationship with Dazhai village in Longsheng County, Guangxi Province, and organized two exchange visits, with 25 Laos personnel and 15 Chinese personnel participating in the exchange.
Myanmar Project

The main construction have been completed.

Infrastructure Construction

The roads, riverbank, schools, community centers, village clinics, drinking-water facilities and other works have all been completed in the two project villages and passed the preliminary acceptance. The power supply of Aye Chan Thar village has started bidding and procurement. The construction of power supply in Min Pyin village has been organized supported by the special poverty reduction fund from Yunnan Province.

Livelihood Improvement and Capacity Building

Two farmers’ cooperatives were set up in the villages, and about 1,300 persons joined the breeding skills training. About 160 relevant staff of Myanmar rural development department took capacity-building training, and two batches of 10 persons were trained in China.
Promoting East Asia Poverty Reduction Project II.

On 14 November 2020, Premier Li Keqiang attended the 23rd ASEAN and China, Japan and Korea (10+3) Leader’s Meeting and expressed that China is willing to implement East Asia Poverty Reduction Project phase II and realize regional coordinative development while reducing the poverty in China. IPRCC actively communicates with Ministry of Foreign Affairs, MOFCOM, CIDCA and the partner countries, promoting the launch of project II. At present, Cambodia has submitted the application for project II to China, and Laos, Myanmar, the Philippines and other countries have expressed their willingness to actively participate. The Ministry of foreign affairs, CIDCA and other relevant domestic departments are actively considering the implementation of phase II project.

The project has received positive evaluations and its influence has been growing.

The pilot project has been highly praised by the relevant departments in China and partner countries, and by the villagers.

The department in charge of foreign aid fully affirmed the effectiveness of the project implementation.

- Deng Boqing, Deputy Director General of China International Development Cooperation Agency (CIDCA) visited Xienglom Village, Luang Prabang City, Laos for investigation. They were very satisfied with the progress of the project and highly appreciated the efforts of the joint project management office. CIDCA noted that the project was “small-scaled but impressive”, and decided to promote it as a good example of China’s foreign aid for livelihood improvement.

- Agency for International Economic Cooperation, MOFCOM (AIECO) praised the distinctive features of the project. First, the project, which is “targeted and beautiful”, focuses on the basic living standards in the recipient countries, and reflects China’s foreign assistance practice. The project pays attention to poor rural areas in the least developed countries. The hard work of poverty-reduction experts is the most concrete embodiment of China’s commitment to build a community of shared future for mankind.

- Xinhua News Agency, People’s Daily, CGTN, China Central Television, Cambodian National Television, Lao National Television, Myanmar National Television and many other Chinese and foreign media have reported and tracked the project. Villages of Hope, a documentary produced by CGTN, has been broadcast several times on CGTN channel, enhancing China’s role in international poverty reduction cooperation.

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- Thongloun Sisoulith, Prime Minister of Laos, paid a special visit to Ban Xor Village in February, 2020. He called upon villagers to work hard, keep learning and sharpen skills for a better life. Cambodian deputy director of Joint Project Management Unit published an article in People’s Daily—Poverty Reduction Cooperation Deepening Friendship. Minister of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation of Myanmar Aung Thu paid a visit to Aye Chan Thar village. The villagers actively cooperated with the implementation of the project, participated in production activities, appreciated the help and support provided by the project and were very pleased with the gratifying changes that have taken place in the village.

Internationally

Xinhua News Agency, People’s Daily, CGTN, China Central Television, Cambodian National Television, Lao National Television, Myanmar National Television and many other Chinese and foreign media have reported and tracked the project. Villages of Hope, a documentary produced by CGTN, has been broadcast several times on CGTN channel, enhancing China’s role in international poverty reduction cooperation.

Social Impact

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- Third, in the process of implementation, public diplomacy has effectively enhanced the comprehensive effect of aid, receiving praise from recipient countries and the representatives from the 11th ASEAN Ministerial Meeting on Rural Development and Poverty Eradication (AMRDPE) and international organizations such as FAO. CCTV, Xinhua News Agency and other media also made special reports on the project, saying that the project is an excellent representative case that China’s poverty reduction concept is blooming and bearing fruit on the Mekong River.

- Forth, the project has laid a solid foundation for poverty reduction foreign aid in the future and realized the solemn commitment made by the national leaders, which is highly commended by all countries.
Lancang-Mekong Cooperation (LMC)

1. **Holding “LMC Week” online.**

“LMC Week” was set to be held in March, 2020 in Shanghai with the theme of “Deepening Lancang-Mekong Cooperation and Sharing the Achievements of the Belt and Road Initiative”, which was canceled due to the pandemic. Then the “LMC Week” was held online to present the achievements of China-Aided Pilot Project of Poverty Reduction Cooperation in East Asia, Community Demonstration Project of Poverty Reduction Cooperation in Thadokkham Village and Lancang-Mekong Poverty Reduction Capacity Improvement Project. In addition, we actively communicated with the foreign parties and encouraged them to launch online publicity activities of “LMC Week”.

2. **Holding the 4th Meeting of Joint Working Group on Poverty Reduction for Lancang-Mekong Cooperation (LMC) online.**

On 24th November, 2020, the 4th Meeting of Joint Working Group on Poverty Reduction for Lancang-Mekong Cooperation (LMC) was held online, which was co-hosted by LGOP General Affairs Department and IPRCC, with 30 representatives of Poverty Reduction Departments from Cambodia, China, Laos, Myanmar, Thailand and Vietnam and the Chinese Secretariat of Lancang Mekong Cooperation, and 17 delegates of implementation unit from China-Aided Pilot Project of Poverty Reduction Cooperation in East Asia.

We exchanged views on poverty reduction both at home and aboard and the implementation of Lancang-Mekong Cooperation in Poverty Reduction and made a mid-term review of the five-year plan of LMC. The Chinese Secretariat of Lancang Mekong Cooperation introduced LMC Special Fund Project and the declaration requirements and answered the questions about project adjustments. Myanmar will host the 5th Meeting of Poverty Reduction Joint Working Group in November or December 2021, which will be held in accordance with the pandemic situation.

3. **Promoting the demonstration projects of national poverty reduction.**

As an early harvest project of LMC, the demonstration project in Thadokkham village of phase II continued to support the building of activity center and vegetable greenhouses and carried out technical trainings with the aim of increasing villagers’ income. The construction of vegetable greenhouses is completed and the activity center has been completed 90%.

4. **Actively applying for Asian Cooperation Funds.**

We actively apply for Asian Cooperation Funds to carry out the capacity improvement project (phase II). 2020 is the final year of China’s fight against poverty, and its achievements have attracted much attention.

IPRCC has applied for LMC Fund to carry out a capacity-building project with the theme of in-depth experience of China’s poverty reduction governance system. We plan to invite officials from the five Mekong countries to China to share their experiences and achievements in poverty reduction and have a deep understanding of China’s poverty reduction achievements and experiences through exchanges, seminars, field visits and other activities, so as to enhance China’s influence in the international poverty reduction governance system.

5. **Cooperating with relevant departments to perform related works.**

At the request of the Lancang-Mekong Secretariat of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, we provide the 3rd Leader’s Meeting of LMC with exhibition materials and progress materials of LMC in poverty reduction; we offer amendments to the draft of Vientiane Declaration at the 3rd Leader’s Meeting and evaluation to the LMC fund projects applied by foreign parties.
The Poverty Alleviation and Agriculture-based Industry Pilot and Demonstration in Poor Areas Project (the Poverty VI Project) started the preliminary design evaluation in 2012, finished project negotiation and gained approval of the executive board of the World Bank in 2015, and was implemented in September 2015. It has been piloted in 537 villages in 27 counties in Sichuan, Guizhou and Gansu Province. It is to develop and extend the agricultural value chain in pilot areas, organize poor farmers in equal terms, and realize sustained income increases for poor households. A total of 410 cooperatives are established in the three provinces. Up to the end of 2020, 30% cooperatives have made profits. The Poverty VI Project has directly promoted the local development of poverty reduction. More importantly, based on this project, more advanced international concepts of poverty reduction and managerial methods have been introduced, contributing to innovating development mechanism of China’s poverty reduction and promoting the exchanges and cooperation of international poverty reduction.

### Project Objectives

The project is to mobilize social resources to jointly establish market-oriented farmer cooperatives with a comprehensive value chain comprised of production, processing and sales, organize farmers in a highly efficient way, enhance their capacity of self-development, increase their incomes and promote sustainable development, so that it can serve as an example of industry-based poverty reduction for other poor areas to follow suit.

### Project Investment

- The world bank loan is 150 million US dollars (50 million US dollars for Sichuan, 40 million US dollars for Guizhou and 60 million US dollars for Gansu).
- 1:1 domestic investment

### Project Content

The project supports the establishment and development of specialized farmer cooperatives, the creation of modern agricultural value chain and the industrial infrastructure and public services; it provides trainings for cooperative operations and improves monitoring and management capacity of project management offices (PMOs) at various levels, covering 134 townships (towns) and 537 administrative villages in 27 counties (cities, districts), 10 cities (prefectures) of Wumeng Mountain and Liupan mountain under the jurisdiction of Sichuan, Guizhou and Gansu provinces.
In the Poverty VI Project, 410 cooperatives have been organized and put into operation, which marks the peak of cooperatives construction and the normal stage of production and operation activities in cooperatives.

By the End of 2020

- 410 cooperatives have been established and operated.
- 137 cooperatives have made profits, accounting for more than 1/3 of the total.

The total progress of the project is **80%**

Five years after the implementation of the Poverty VI Project, we have carried out industrial project option, cooperative establishment, business model design, industrial chain extension, establishment of interest connection mechanism and project management and monitoring, in order to gain fruitful experience and find new methods and modes to solve the weak industrial foundation, difficulty of income increasement, and industrial development faced by people in the poverty stricken areas.
Since 2005, IPRCC began to implement the China-UNDP poverty reduction cooperation project. The first project phase was “Establishing the International Poverty Reduction Center in China” (2005-2008), and the second phase was designed to “Strengthening the Capacity of the International Poverty Reduction Center in China for South-South Cooperation” (initially from 2009 to 2012 and later extended to the middle of 2017). The third phase, “Building Inclusive Development Cooperation on Poverty Reduction between China and Other Developing Countries” began in May 2017 and is still ongoing.

In view of the remarkable results achieved by the cooperation among all parties, at the annual tripartite review meeting in May 2020, the three parties agreed to continue to adopt the existing cooperation mode, actively plan and raise funds, and start a new phase of project design.

In the cooperation with IFAD, IPRCC has actively strengthened project of the “Strengthening the Rural Solutions Portal and IFAD’s IT tracking systems to increase the uptake of rural development solutions”. The information of 30 organizations of South-South and Triangular Cooperation in the Asian-Pacific region are selected, 12 solutions of rural development are compiled, and 20 English cases are recognized and compiled from the Global Poverty Reduction & Inclusive Growth Portal. We facilitate IFAD to summarize the successful cases of poverty reduction and rural development, take knowledge products as aid tools and establish data base in the Asian-Pacific region, expanding the development of South-South cooperation.

In November 2020, the IPRCC, together with the IFAD and other five institutions, jointly held the "2020 International Seminar on Global Poverty Reduction Partnerships" and jointly released the "Longnan Consensus", which strengthened the partnership, effectively utilized the important channel of South-South and Triangular Cooperation, and promoted the exchange and sharing of poverty reduction knowledge through digital innovation. Under the guidance of Longnan Consensus, the IPRCC will continue to deepen cooperation with IFAD, attach importance to digital innovation, and use South-South and Triangular Cooperation channels to carry out technical assistance and share knowledge and experience on poverty reduction, so as to help cope with the challenges of poverty reduction after the pandemic. During this period, monthly work promotion meeting was held with IFAD and CIIC to strengthen communication, and ensure the completion of the project on schedule.
Cooperation with UNICEF

In accordance with the China-UNICEF Programme of Cooperation 2016-2020, “Seminar on Child Poverty Reduction after 2020” is co-hosted with UNICEF China Office. The Seminar took place both on-site in Beijing and online. Representatives exchanged the latest achievements of China’s child poverty research, promoting more accurate interpretation of child poverty data and multidimensional poverty research, and putting forward suggestions on China’s child poverty reduction policy after 2020. Representatives from LGOP, the National Working Committee on Children and Women under the State Council, the Ministry of Civil Affairs of the P.R. China, the National Bureau of Statistics, the National Development and Reform Commission and more than 20 experts and scholars, including Beijing Normal University, Zhejiang University, Oxford University and Columbia University, attended the seminar.

Country Study on Poverty Reduction Cooperation

We strictly manage the national cooperation research. "Research on China-Pakistan Poverty Reduction Cooperation" and "Research on China-South Africa Poverty Reduction Cooperation" have been concluded. Affected by the pandemic, “China - Bangladesh Poverty Reduction Cooperative Research” has been postponed since the research team cannot carry out on-site research and discussion.

### Research Results of International Cooperation on Poverty Reduction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>China-Philippines Poverty Reduction and Social Development Strategy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Research on the China-Philippines Poverty Reduction Cooperation Mode on Fishery Industry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Research on Poverty Reduction in BRI Countries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Rural Development and Poverty Reduction Policy in Myanmar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Research on the International Poverty Reduction Cooperation in Central Asia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Research on China-Pakistan Poverty Reduction Cooperation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Research on China-South Africa Poverty Reduction Cooperation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Part 5

Publications
Publications

International Poverty Reduction Theory and Frontier Issues 2020
The practice and Experience of Asset income Poverty Reduction in China
Targeted Poverty Reduction and Relative Poverty (English Version)
International Experience and China’s Practice in Cultivating the Endogenous Power of the Poor
Integration of Rural Revitalization and Poverty Reduction from International Experience
Analysis on the Poverty Reduction Effect of Chinese Enterprises’ Investment in Southeast Asia
The Way Forward 2020: Stories of Poverty Reduction in China
2020 Tourism Poverty Reduction Case—World Tourism Alliance

Various Research Reports

The construction of Belt and Road Initiative Promotes International Poverty Reduction
Experience and Enlightenment of Establishing Long-Term Mechanism to Prevent Returning to Poverty
National Poverty Reduction Cases: Experiences from South Korea, Germany and Argentina
Foreign Experience of Employment Promotion and Social Policy in Poverty Reduction
Accurate Poverty Targeting in China
Beyond the Last Mile: Policy Implications for Tackling Emerging Poverty Challenges in the People’s Republic of China
The Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Global Poverty Reduction Measurement and Application of American Poverty Standard
International Cases of the Impact of Major Disasters and Pandemics on Poverty
International Cases of Financial Investment in Poverty Reduction
The Change of International Poverty Reduction Concept and Practice
Nobel Prize in Poverty Reduction
Main Differences Between UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and Millennium Development Goals
World Bank Poverty Standard and Its Enlightenment
COVID-19 Pandemic and the Change of Global Poor Population
Main Points of the Essence of Poverty
The Relative Poverty Standard of Britain and Its Enlightenment
A Review of COVID-19 pandemic impact on Poverty Reduction
Standard Setting and Target Scale of Poverty Reduction in Major Countries
Poverty Reduction Strategy Objectives of Major Countries
Investment and Measures for Poverty Reduction in Major Countries
Establishment and Functions of Poverty Reduction Institutions in Major Countries
Impacts of Spatial Price Changes on Poverty Reduction Policies
Does Poverty Reduction Mean the Decrease of Vulnerability?
Poverty Reduction Experience in High Income Countries
International Experience and Enlightenment of Relative Poverty Standard Setting
Poverty Reduction Experience of the United States, Japan and South Korea and the Enlightenment

Working Paper series

The “Belt and Road” Construction Boosts International Poverty Reduction Experience and Enlightenment on Establishment of the Long-term Mechanism for Preventing the Returning to Poverty
A Case Study of Country-specific Poverty Reduction Experience of Poverty Reduction through Employment Promotion and Social Policies Abroad

Reference for Poverty Reduction Research

Main Points of the Essence of Poverty
Exploration on the Establishment and Development of Relatively Poor Areas
The Relative Poverty Standard of Britain and the Enlightenment
Countermeasures and Suggestions for Poverty Reduction Under the Influence of Multiple Disasters
International Community Highly Praises China’s Poverty Reduction
International Experience and Enlightenment of Rural Revitalization

International Poverty Reduction

The Use and Misuse of Income Data and Extreme Poverty in the United States
How Does Globalization Affect the Relationship Between Economic Growth, Structural Change and Poverty Reduction? —An International Comparative Perspective
Rice prices, Economic Growth and Poverty Reduction in Bangladesh
A Study on the Measurement of Global Poverty
Assessing the Success of President Johnson’s War on Poverty Reduction: Rethinking the Historical Record with the Measurement of Total Income Poverty
Racial Inequality and Poverty in Malaysia Since May 1965 (Part one): Inequality
Impact of Vietnam’s Hunger and Poverty Reduction Program on School Education
The Existence and Persistence of Poverty in US Tax Data
Research on the Poverty Situation of the United States in 2016 and 2017 Based on the Old and New Version of the Census Processing System
Income and Poverty Situation in the United States Against COVID-19
Income Distribution, International Integration and Sustainable Poverty Reduction
Racial Inequality and Poverty in Malaysia Since May 1965 (Part 2): Poverty

Summary of Poverty Reduction Information at Home and Abroad

Issue 1-24 (Chinese and English version) in 2020

Training Brief

Training Brief of International Poverty Reduction 2019
Impression of China——Feedback From Participants of International Poverty Reduction Training Program During 2017-2019
Brief of Educational Poverty Reduction Cooperation Project of BN Vocational School

Introduction of East Asia Project

The East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project

Yearbook of China’s Poverty Reduction and Development

Yearbook of China’s Poverty Alleviation and Development 2019

Annual Report

IPRCC Annual Report 2019
Part 6

Major Events in 2020
January 3
Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, met with Bill Bikales, chief economist of the United Nations Coordinator’s Office in China.

January 9
IPRCC held a theme seminar on international activities in 2020.
Tan Weiping, IPRCC Deputy Director-General, met with Dan McCandless, director of global economic affairs of the Economic Office of the US Embassy in China.

January 14
IPRCC held the 2020 Annual Working Conference of the World Bank Poverty VI Project Loan for Poverty Reduction in Beijing.

January 15
Liu Junwen and Zhang Guangping, former Deputy Directors-General of IPRCC, met with Christina Popivanova, director of the Social and Policy Coordination Division of the UNICEF China Office.

February 21
The World Bank and the Ministry of Finance officially approved the medium-term adjustment plan of the six-phase of Poverty Reduction Project loaned by the World Bank.

April 3
Liu Junwen was designated as Director-General of IPRCC.

April 18
Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the “Video Seminar on the Research Project with Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation” jointly organized by IPRCC and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

April 30
IPRCC held “the 6th Promotion Meeting of the East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project” via video conference.

May 15
The Annual Tripartite Review Meeting of UNDP Project “Building Inclusive Development Cooperation on Poverty Reduction between China and Developing Countries” was successfully held at the International Poverty Reduction Center in China (IPRCC).

May 27
The third high-level dialogue between LGOP and representatives of international institutions was held in the form of video conference. Su Guoxia, then Spokesperson and Director-General of LGOP General Affairs Department, made a speech at the meeting, and Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the opening ceremony.

June 5
IPRCC and Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Beijing Representative Office and the Amsterdam Institute for Global Health and Development (AIGHD) jointly held an international online seminar on “Research on International Poverty Reduction and Development Trends”.

June 8-19
IPRCC held a video conference on the 10th inspection of the World Bank Poverty VI Project Loan for Poverty Reduction in Beijing.

June 16
IPRCC sent delegates to attend the online award ceremony of 2019 “Tell China’s Stories” Contest and the online launching ceremony of 2020 “Tell China’s Stories” Contest hosted by CIPG.
IPRCC held the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Project Promotion Meeting.

July 6
Zhang Huidong, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the 2020 Annual Meeting of the Asia-Pacific Global Development Learning Network (GDLN) hosted by the Korea Development Research Institute (video conference).

July 29
The 2020 Extraordinary ASEAN-China Social Development and Poverty Reduction Forum was held. The forum is co-hosted by LGOP and the ASEAN Secretariat, organized by IPRCC and supported by the Mission of the People’s Republic of China to ASEAN and the United Nations Development Programme.

July 31
IPRCC held “the 7th Promotion Meeting of the East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project” via video conference.

August 7-13
Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, led a team to visit Ningxia and Gansu, and to carry out a special investigation on the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases.

August 10
Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, met with Derek Yip, the political counselor and Kylie Lendrum, the senior secretary of the Australian Embassy in China.

August 10-17
Zhang Huidong, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, led a team to visit Shaanxi and Shanxi Province, and to carry out a special investigation on the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases.

August 14-21
Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, led a team to visit Fujian and Jiangxi province, and to carry out a special investigation on the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases.

August 21-28
Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, led a team to visit Hebei and Henan Province, and to carry out a special investigation on the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases.

August 23-31
Zhang Huidong, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, led a team to visit Guizhou and Guangxi Province, and to carry out a special investigation on the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases.

August 25-29
Chen Zhigang, then Vice Minister of LGOP, led a team to visit Hunan Province, Chongqing and Hubei Province, and to carry out a special investigation on the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases. Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, participated in the investigation.

September 10-11
LGOP held an on-site promotion meeting of the China Poverty Alleviation Exchange Bases in Fuping, Hebei Province. Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, Tan Weiping and Li Xin, Deputy Director-Generals of IPRCC, attended the meeting.
Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended and presented a speech on the video seminar on the theme of "Contribution of Social Organizations to International Development", which was hosted by the China NGO Network for International Exchanges.

Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, met with Botir Tursunov, the Minister Counselor, and Nodir Nurmatov, the Commercial Counselor of Uzbekistan's Ministry of Economic Development and Poverty Reduction, and Matkarimov Shukrat, director of International Economy and Integration Department, with the theme of poverty reduction exchanges and cooperation.

IPRCC held a preparatory meeting for the completion and acceptance of the East Asia Poverty Reduction Cooperation Pilot Project (Cambodia Part).

Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the "100 WTA Best Practice in Poverty Alleviation through Tourism" Unveiling Ceremony.

IPRCC held a seminar on poverty reduction case writing, and Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the meeting and delivered a speech.

Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, met with a delegation from "Seminar on Governing the Country" of Peking University.

IPRCC and World Bank Representative Office in China jointly held the "China-World Bank Seminar on Poverty Reduction Cooperation".

IPRCC held a review meeting (video conference) for the conclusion of the 2020 research projects. Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, attended the meeting and Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the meeting.

Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the "Achievement Summary and Experience Sharing Meeting of East Asia Poverty Reduction Demonstration Cooperation Technical Assistance Project", which was organized by the International Economic Cooperation Bureau of the Ministry of Commerce and held in Chengdu, Sichuan Province.

IPRCC held the 8th Promotion Meeting of East Asia Poverty Reduction Demonstration Cooperation Technical Assistance Project in Chengdu, Sichuan.

Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the meeting and made a concluding speech.

IPRCC organized the second case review meeting of the second call of the campaign: Global Solicitation on Best Poverty Reduction Practices. Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the meeting.

Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, went to the Secretariat of Shanghai Cooperation Organization to visit Jonon Sherali, Deputy Secretary-General of Shanghai Cooperation Organization.

IPRCC was invited to send delegates to attend the third "World Tourism Alliance Dialogue in Xianghu" hosted by the World Tourism Alliance and held in Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, and jointly released the WTA Best Practice in Poverty Alleviation through Tourism 2020 with the World Tourism Alliance and the World Bank.

The World Bank carried out the 11th inspection to the pilot demonstration projects for poverty alleviation in poverty-stricken areas in 6 counties (Dafang County and Zhijin County in Guizhou Province, Gulin County and Xuyong County in Sichuan Province, Lintao County and Weiyuan County in Gansu Province). Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, participated in the project inspection in Dafang County, Guizhou Province from the 17th to 19th, and on the 18th November, he held informal talks with Laisy Komba Chengula, director of the Agricultural Group of the World Bank Representative Office in China and joint project manager.

The fourth meeting of the Joint Working Group on Poverty Reduction through Lan-Mei Cooperation, hosted by LGOP General Affairs Department and organized by IPRCC, was held in the form of video meeting. Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the meeting and made a concluding speech.

The 2020 International Seminar on Global Poverty Reduction Partnerships jointly hosted by IPRCC, CIPG, the Government of Gansu Province, CIC, FAO, IFAD and WFP, was held in Longnan, Gansu Province. High-level representatives of United Nations agencies and officials from developing countries such as Latin America and Africa attended the meeting online.

IPRCC held a mid-term review meeting (video conference) of the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Research Project, and Tan Weiping, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, hosted the meeting.

IPRCC and Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation Beijing Representative Office held the 2020 Project Work Conference.

The International Forum on Sharing Poverty Reduction Experience, jointly hosed by the Information Office of the State Council and LGOP, was held in Beijing. Liu Junwen, Director-General of IPRCC, and Li Xin, Deputy Director-General of IPRCC, attended the Forum.

Hosted by LGOP and organized by IPRCC, the Sub-forum of the International Forum on Sharing Poverty Reduction Experience: the "Dialogue on China's Poverty Reduction Experience" seminar was held online.

The "Post-2020 Child Poverty Reduction Seminar" was jointly held by IPRCC and UNICEF China Office.